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## RAILROAD RATE BILL COMPLETE

Conferees Agree and  
Congress Will Act  
At Once.

COMMISSION WILL  
HAVE 7 MEMBERS

"Jim Crow" Amendment Stricken  
Out and Prohibition of Rail-  
way Passes Made Much  
More Stringent—Sum-  
mary of Changes  
Made.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 2.—In practically all essential details the conferees on the railroad rate bill agreed to the measure as it was passed by the Senate. The report was signed at about 4 o'clock this afternoon and was almost immediately presented to both houses of Congress. It shows that the Senate receded from six amendments, two of which merely changed the numbers of sections, while twenty-eight of its amendments were retained verbatim and the remaining seventeen amendments were rephrased and retained under different phraseology.

Senator Tillman, chairman of the Senate conferees, gave notice that he will urge prompt action on the report in the Senate. As soon as disposed of there it is safe to say it will be acted upon by the House with the utmost dispatch.

### The Changes.

The disposition of the amendments in the order in which they appear in the bill follows:

The first amendment to the bill is that making pipe lines common carriers. It was stricken out and included in the amendment, making express companies common carriers, sleeping car companies having been eliminated, so that the amendment now reads:

In this act shall include express companies and all persons or corporations engaged in the transportation of oil by pipe lines, or partly by pipe lines and partly by railroad or partly by pipe lines and partly by water.

### Prohibition of Passes.

The next amendment is that prohibiting passes. It was entirely rephrased, made much more stringent, and now reads as follows:

"No carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall, after January 1, 1907, directly or indirectly issue or give any interstate, free tickets, free passes or free transportation for passage. Any carrier violating this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$1,000, and any person who uses, accepts or attempts to use, or for another any such interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be subject to a like penalty."

### Commodity Amendment.

The Elkins commodity amendment, as agreed to, provides that after May 1, 1908, no carrier shall be held liable for any common carrier to transport any article or commodity, manufactured, mined or produced by it, or produced under its authority or which in whole or in part, or in which it may have any interest directly or indirectly, except such article or commodity as may be necessary and intended for its own use in the conduct of its business as a common carrier.

### Jim Crow Amendment.

The Senate receded from what is known as the Jim Crow amendment, which declared that equally good service and accommodations should be given to all persons paying the same expenditures for interstate transportation of passengers. The provision was stricken out of the bill. The several Senate amendments, twenty in number, relating to the publication of schedules of rates and charges of all kinds, were agreed to, and to the provision relating to joint rates was added the following:

"If no joint rates over the several routes have been established, the through carriers in such through route shall file, print and keep open to public inspection as aforesaid, the separately established rates, fares and charges applied to the through transportation."

The original penal sections of the interstate commerce law, which were repealed by the Elkins law, and placed in the bill by the Senate, were retained by the conferees.

The Senate amendment, however, was amended by striking out the words "knowingly and willfully" in the provision relating to offering or accepting rebates, concessions or discriminations prohibited by the act.

The conferees agreed that the penalties should not apply to rebates or considerations received prior to the passage and approval of this act.

### Rate-Making Section.

All of the Senate amendments to section 4, which is the rate-making section of the bill, were retained. Among these are several having relation to the "unreasonable" clause, the most important of these were the striking out of the words "in its judgment," and the words "and fairly remunerative."

The provision in relation to complaints for the recovery of damages, which shall be filed with the commission within two years from the time the cause of action accrues, is amended so that it reads: "That claims accrued prior to the passage of this act may be presented within one year."

The Senate receded from the McCumber amendment, changing the word "regularly" to "lawfully" in relation to service upon the carrier of notice of disobedience of orders of the commission. The initial liability amendment relating to bills of lading was retained, but amended so as to place all of the carriers on an equality with reference to their lia-

(Continued on Second Page.)

## FEAR BROKER HAS MET FOUL PLAY



W. B. GURLEY.

—Photo by Paine Studio.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—W. B. Gurley, formerly a prominent stock broker of this city, is missing, and the police have been asked to assist in the search for him. Several weeks ago Mr. Gurley left Washington for Nantucket, Mass., and remained until two weeks ago, when he told his family he was returning to Washington.

He went from Nantucket to Boston and from there sent his family at Nantucket a newspaper. Since that time nothing has been heard of him, and it is known that he did not come to Washington. His son came here yesterday in search of his father, but returned to-day without having found any trace of him. Mr. Gurley's financial affairs are in good shape, and some of his friends fear that he may have met with foul play. Others think he may be ill in some hospital.

## WARMLY FAVORS HEALTH MEASURE

Adopts Resolution Commending  
Reorganization of Health  
Board.

COMES UP TO-MORROW NIGHT

Keen interest is felt in the meeting of the Common Council Monday night to pass upon the proposed health ordinance which has already been adopted by the Board of Aldermen. Citizens of every class are awaiting the council's course in this important matter with manifest concern. The importance of the matter to the city found expression yesterday morning in a called meeting of the board of directors of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce.

Those present were: Messrs. E. G. Leigh, Jr., James R. Gordon, John C. Freeman, George Bryan, L. T. Christian, B. H. Ellington, T. M. Hundley, John Landstreet, W. C. Noland, R. S. Tuck, George L. Christian, Waller Morton, Dr. Ennion G. Williams.

Dr. Williams explained very fully the object of the health ordinance, which was to invest the Board of Health of the city with authority and means to meet present conditions. The matter was discussed with much interest by Messrs. Noland, Freeman, Tuck and Christian, all of whom were of the opinion that the measure was a most important one. Upon motion of Messrs. Noland, Christian and Freeman, resolutions were adopted endorsing the said ordinance.

### New Members Proposed.

Under suspension of the rules, the president reported the following parties for election:

Messrs. W. G. Maury, Benson and Ryland, A. E. Heinrich, J. B. Moore and Company, D. N. Walker and Company, Wortham and Hatke, all insurance agents, proposed by Coleman Wortham; Realty Bond and Trust Company, banking and insurance, proposed by Coleman Wortham; Messrs. Massie, Hobson and Leigh, stock brokers, proposed by Coleman Wortham; Albert Kramer, leaf tobacco, proposed by T. M. Carrington; E. L. Foden, stock broker, proposed by J. J. Marouse; John C. Drewry and Company, agents Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, proposed by J. D. Crump; Edmund Brudwine, president South Atlantic Life Insurance Company, proposed by Committee on Membership.

### SUICIDE OF YOUNG MAN.

Melancholy From Long Illness

Shot Himself With a Pistol.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
TOANO, VA., June 2.—Dennis Robins, a young man, about twenty years old, and of a highly respected family, killed himself yesterday by firing a bullet into his left breast.

Young Robins had been suffering from melancholy for two years, and had been confined to his bed for the last week. His sister, who had been nursing him, left him alone in his room yesterday about 2 o'clock. She had not been out over ten minutes when she heard the report of a pistol. Returning to the house she found him lying on the floor. After shooting himself he placed the pistol on the chair by his bed. He died in five minutes.

Melancholy brought on by a long illness, is presumed to be the cause of his taking his life.

## SECRET EVIDENCE IS FULLY AIRED

Supposed Sacred Record  
of Senate Committee  
Often Referred To.

CLOWES ASKED  
MANY QUESTIONS

Denied The Charge That He Ever  
Voted for Negro Republican,  
and Declares Politics Had  
No Part in Affairs of  
Board While He  
Was Member.

(Special From a Staff Correspondent.)

WILLIAMSBURG, VA., June 2.—Mr. Eugene H. Clowes has been for hours explaining his connection with the Eastern State Hospital, his views regarding the various matters that have been disclosed during the investigation, and his relations with Dr. Foster, the superintendent.

Mr. Clowes has not been a good witness, for he has leaned on his counsel, asking his advice and replying in a single word to long and complicated questions.

Colonel Anderson, his attorney, and Chairman Sadler more than once urged the witness to be careful of his answers and to weigh the questions before he made his replies.

On one occasion Colonel Lawless, counsel for Dr. Foster, objected to Mr. Clowes whispering, while on the stand, to his counsel, and the chairman sustained the objection.

The contents of the "secret investigation" have been pretty well aired to-day, for, while officially this mysterious volume is supposed to be not evidence, the attorneys and members of the committee consult its pages continually, and practically every question asked Mr. Clowes to-day has been shaped upon those asked during the secret Clowes investigation by the Senate committee.

### Dr. Foster's Charges.

Mr. Clowes testified that Dr. Foster had charged that he was unfit for the position of member of the special board of directors of the hospital, and had asked that his nomination be sent to the Senate by Governor Montague be held up for five reasons:

1. That he was unfit for office.
2. That he was not congenial.
3. That he would not confirm his (Foster's) appointees.
4. That he influenced the other members of the board.
5. That he voted for a negro Republican in 1888.

Senator Sadler broke in to say: "Then he undertook to run the Board of Governors and directs the governors who to appoint on the board?"

Mr. Clowes answered:

"It seems so, and you might add the Senate as well."

Dr. Dunn took exception to the statement and Mr. Clowes said he would withdraw the statement, but Dr. Dunn insisted that it be allowed to remain in the record.

### No Politics.

In alluding to politics Dr. Foster said he had never voted for a negro Republican, and that Dr. Garlick could testify to that fact. He said:

"Politics have had no part in the affairs of this hospital in the last five years. In any shape or form Mr. Clowes said he had nominated Dr. Foster for the office of superintendent, and had done so at the request of Judge Garnett in order that all unkindness should be eradicated, which had been occasioned by Dr. Foster's objection to his nomination during Governor Tyler's administration."

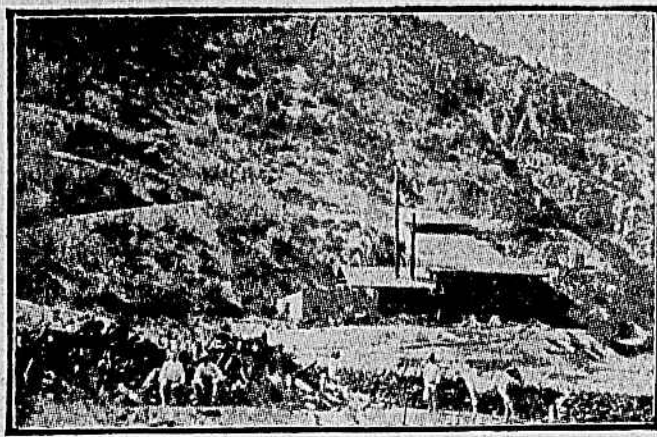
When asked the reason why Dr. Foster objected to him, he replied that he thought the ill feeling was occasioned by the personal difficulty Dr. Foster had engaged in with his uncle, Mr. Texas Clowes.

Later when asked if he had changed his opinion regarding Mr. Foster, Mr. Clowes replied that he would not say that Dr. Foster was incompetent, but that he did not look after the affairs of the hospital as he ought to.

Mr. Clowes said the charges made by

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

## MEXICAN RIOTERS FLY TO HILLS AS TROOPS ARRIVE



SCENE AT COPPER CAMP OF CANANEA.

## POLICE UNEARTH PLOT TO KILL PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Large Body of Russian Nihilists Discovered in Oregon.  
Were Waiting to Accumulate Sufficient Money  
to Send Assassins Out.

(By Associated Press.)

PORTLAND, ORE., June 2.—As the outcome of the arrest of a Pole in this city for an assault upon several Russians, local detectives have learned of the existence here of a large body of Russian nihilists who, it is alleged, have been plotting the assassination of President Roosevelt, simply awaiting the accumulation of sufficient funds before sending a deputation to Washington to carry out the scheme.

The Pole, who claims to have been threatened with death by several of the plotters, and who was arrested for assault, was acquitted yesterday and it was then that the detectives learned of the alleged true purpose of the organization. Friends of the Pole informed the police of the doings of the nihilist group, of their eulogistic praise of Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, and finally of their desire for the death of

President Roosevelt. Detectives have been put on the case.

## THREATENED TO THROW BOMB AT LONGWORTHS

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 2.—Representative Nicholas Longworth and Mrs. Longworth sailed for England to-day on the steamer St. Louis. Just before the Longworths sailed some excitement was caused on the American Line pier, by a drunken Italian's declaring that he was an anarchist, and that he intended to throw a bomb at the Longworths. By the time a policeman could be found the Italian had disappeared. While the incident caused some stir for a moment, it is believed that the drunken man's talk was due merely to his condition.



WILLIAM C. GREENE.

## Situation Under Control But Much Anxiety Still Felt.

## GOVERNMENT TO ACT WITH VIGOR

Arizona Rangers Camping Near  
Scene, Waiting for Permis-  
sion to Move—Clash Be-  
tween Mexicans and  
American Of-  
ficials.

(By Associated Press.)

EL PASO, TEX., June 2.—A private telegram received from Cananea to-day says that the Americans are now in control of the town and that many Mexicans have left. One hundred rifles and a quantity of ammunition were shipped from here to-day to Colonel Greene, at Naco, and will be taken to Cananea, if they can be gotten over the boundary.

(By Associated Press.)

NACO, ARIZ., June 2.—Colonel W. C. Greene, by telephone this afternoon, advised a reporter of the Associated Press that there still exists considerable anxiety and uneasiness, and indicated that the trouble was not entirely at an end.

(By Associated Press.)

NACO, ARIZ., June 2.—A telephone message was received from Cananea, Mexico, at 8:30 o'clock this morning, reporting that peace has been restored there.

After the arrival of the Arizona Rangers, many of the ring leaders in the riot yesterday ran into the surrounding mountains and no further serious trouble occurred after their flight.

Governor Zane, of Sonora, arrived this morning and gave orders permitting the armed Americans who were there from Bisbee and Douglas and other parts of Arizona to accompany him to Cananea, Arizona, after their flight. In command of the Pough Riders, and now commander of the Arizona Rangers, left with the Governor on a special train for Cananea.

### Those Killed.

According to advices received from Cananea this morning, two Americans, George and William Metcalf, and ten Mexicans and one child were killed there yesterday. A. S. Dwight, general manager of the company, was only slightly wounded. The number of wounded is not known, but is believed to be about twenty.

Colonel Kosterlitzky, in command of the Sonora gendarmes, arrived at Cananea at 7 o'clock last evening. With his men he immediately proceeded against the armed strikers, and the ring leaders fled to the hills.

An armed party of Americans tried to cross the line half a mile from Naco last night, and were opposed by Mexican officers.

In the shooting which followed, an American named Buehner, physical director of the Y. M. C. A. at Bisbee, was wounded in the arm, two Mexicans were killed, and a Mexican official was wounded. The attempt was given up.

Four troops of United States cavalry arrived in Naco this afternoon from Fort Huachuca, and have camped on the American side of the line. The troops are under strict orders not to cross the line until permission has been received from President Roosevelt.

### Story of Riot.

E. E. Edgington, principal of an American school at Cananea, arrived here last night on a special train that brought refugees from the scene of the riot.

Edgington told a graphic story of the riot. He said: "George Metcalf, head of the development department of the Cananea Consolidated Copper Company, and Will Metcalf are the only Americans who have been killed as far as I could learn. They were shot down by Mexicans while protecting company property. Between twenty-five and fifty Mexicans have been killed in the fighting. They were barricading the home of Colonel Greene when I left. It is feared that the homes of all Americans will be dynamited. As fast as possible women and children are being rushed out of the camp on special trains. Every American is being armed. They are gathering at the home of Colonel Greene and in the Presbyterian church. As determined to make a stand to protect their lives and property."

### Building Dynamited.

"Yesterday afternoon rioters dynamited a pawnshop in Cananea and took a large number of guns. From this I judge they

## SOUTH BOSTON IS FULL OF PLUCK

The Losses Were Heavy, But  
Everybody is Making Efforts  
to Resume Business.

BUILD BETTER THAN BEFORE

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

SOUTH BOSTON, VA., June 2.—South Boston received a heavy loss by yesterday's fire and was staggered by the blow, but none will be knocked out. Those who suffered losses are already planning to rebuild on a larger scale. While it is conservatively estimated that the losses, over and above insurance, will amount to considerably over \$200,000, yet there will be no business embarrassments, and all will resume business as quickly as buildings can be obtained.

Most of the merchants have already secured temporary locations. Already work has begun on moving the debris, and property owners are to-day in consultation with architects and contractors, and the buildings will be replaced without delay.

Major H. A. Edmondson, the heaviest loser, will begin the work of rebuilding Monday, and the burned district will soon be covered by better and larger buildings than before.

Traveling men will be greatly inconvenienced for a time on account of the destruction of the Garland Hotel, the largest hotel here, but a more modern hostelry will soon occupy the old site.

There was only one serious casualty and that was an injury sustained by one of the volunteer firemen, Mr. W. J. Barbour, assistant manager of the Barbour Buggy Company, who was taken to the hospital in Danville last night.

(Continued on Second Page.)

## CURIOUS TANGLE IN VENEZUELAN AFFAIRS

Acrimonious Correspondence Be-  
tween Castro and Gomez.  
Friction Affects Trade.

(By Associated Press.)

CARACAS, VENEZUELA, May 31.—via WILLEMSTADT, CURACAO, June 2.—Gen. Gomez, the acting president, is offended at the attitude of reclamation of Gen. Castro, who recently resigned the presidency in Gomez's favor. Gomez wishes to resign and has requested Castro to resume office. The latter persistently declines to do so unless the nation acclaims him and Congress approves of his resuming the presidency. In view of the deadlock, the second vice-president being in Europe, and the Constitution not contemplating the present situation, Gomez has announced his intention to convene Congress and present his resignation. The correspondence exchanged between Castro and Gomez is couched in somewhat acrimonious terms. The friction between the acting president and the former president is affecting trade, but no disturbance of the peace is feared.

Corporations and other public bodies daily send Castro reading books praying him to resume the presidency.

## ELECTRIC CAR UPSETS; 14 REPORTED KILLED

Accident Occurred Early in the  
Morning at East Providence.  
Details Meagre.

(By Associated Press.)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 3.—At 3:15 o'clock this morning the East Providence police reported that fourteen persons had been killed by the overturning of an electric car in East Providence.

The number of injured cannot be estimated, but it is said to be large. No details had been received up to 2:30 o'clock this morning regarding the number of casualties. It is known, however, that a large fifteen-seat car, chartered by a private party and returning to this city from Crescent Park, left the rails on a sharp curve at Moore's Corner, East Providence, and was overturned. The accident happened on the suburban line of the Rhode Island Traction Company.

## ST. ANDREW'S BOYS TO SEE ROOSEVELT

President Will Address Them  
To-morrow on How to Gov-  
ern a City.

(By Associated Press.)

Twelve officers and citizens of the St. Andrew's Associated City, which is a regular incorporated town of Richmond boys, with its Mayor and other officers, will take advantage of the Whit Monday excursion to Washington to-morrow and go up to the nation's capital to see the things of interest, get pointers of government on a big scale, and incidentally to hold a prearranged interview with President Roosevelt at his executive office.

The head of the nation will talk to the boys and answer questions concerning good municipal government. President Roosevelt is very interested in the practical training of boys to become good citizens, as is being taught here by the St. Andrew's Association, and it is expected that the boys will derive much good from the audience which he so gladly consented to give them.

The party will be in charge of Mr. J. D. Shannon, of St. Andrew's School,

## Sympathy for Queen.

At 4 o'clock King Alfonso and Queen Victoria left the box and looked out on the shouting multitude. The King wore a military uniform, while the Queen was attired in white lace with roses daintily arranged in her white mantilla. Much sympathy was felt for the young Queen in undergoing this further ordeal. The bull fight itself was a disappointment to the Spaniards, as some of its usual blood-curdling features were omitted, probably as a concession to the Queen. She viewed the gory spectacle without the least outward evidence of emotion. One maddened bull literally tore a horse to pieces under the railing of the royal box, from which were 800 persons, most of them in gay costumes, with the royal box dominating the spectacle.

Eight bulls were dispatched, four of them by cavaliers mounted on horseback, who were chosen from the first families of Spain, with the Duke of Medina Coeli, the Duke of Alba and the Marquis of Tobar as their patrons.

The British official delegation did not attend the bull fight, owing to the susceptibilities of the British public against this kind of sport. The Prince and Princess of Wales, Ambassador Bunsen and Princess Henry of Battenburg, mother of the Queen, were among those who did not attend.